# NACWA Energy Workgroup

Tuesday, September 26, 2017

#### Energy Workgroup Co-Chairs:

Nick Menninga General Manager Downers Grove Sanitary District Downers Grove, IL

David Duest Director, Wastewater Treatment Massachusetts Water Resources Authority Winthrop, MA

#### NACWA Staff:

NACWA

Cynthia Finley Director, Regulatory Affairs

Oliver Hamilton Manager, Government Affairs

Email Oliver at <u>ohamilton@nacwa.org</u> to join the Energy Workgroup – all NACWA members are welcome!

#### Agenda:

- 3:00 Welcome & Introductions3:05 Narragansett Bay Commission Energy Programs
  - Tom Uva, Director of Environmental Science & Compliance Division
- 3:30 Roundtable Discussion
- 3:45 Renewable Fuel Standard Program Discussion
- 3:55 NACWA Events & Announcements
- 4:00 Adjourn

## Please remember to mute your phone when not speaking and do not put your phone on hold.

## **Renewable Fuel Standard (RFS) Program**

- RFS program offers incentives for production of renewable transportation fuels to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and reduce reliance on imported oil
- Four fuel categories eligible for Renewable Identification Numbers (RINs):
  - Biomass-Based Diesel
  - Cellulosic Biofuel
  - Advanced Biofuel
  - Total Renewable Fuel
- Wastewater-derived fuel classified as Cellulosic Biofuel in 2014



## **Co-Digestion in RFS Program**

- Food waste is an abundant resource:
  - 37.1 tons of residential & commercial food waste generated in 2013
  - Approximately 15% of municipal solid waste is food waste
  - Only 5% of food waste is currently diverted to recovery (compost or anaerobic digestion)
- Diversion of food waste disposal from landfills is a requirement in five states and several cities
- Fuel derived from food waste is classified as Advanced Biofuel
- Co-digesting biosolids and food waste results in combination of Cellulosic Biofuel and Advanced Biofuel



## **NACWA Advocacy on RFS**

- NACWA, CASA, WEF, WE&RF, and WRF met with EPA in July to discuss co-digestion
- August 31 comment letter on 2018 proposed RFS targets
  - Market stability needed to encourage POTW investment in renewable fuel production
  - POTWs need additional planning and implementation time to contribute to Cellulosic Biofuel production
  - Example: East Bay MUD alone could produce 5% of the proposed volume requirement for Cellulosic Biofuel

